

## AP Environmental Science(APES) Summer Assignment

Welcome to APES at Lake Central High School!!

AP Environmental Science is a lab based course that is designed to examine ecological, biological, chemical, physical and environmental concepts and interactions. A student of this course should be familiar with local, regional and global concerns within their own environment. The objective of this summer assignment is to get you thinking environmentally and to refresh some math skills. This class is for the student that is willing to do work and challenge themselves in the process. **If you do not complete the summer work, your participation in this class will be denied.**

Please note that these assignments will be collected for a grade at the end of the **first week** of school. Please assemble all materials in a binder with dividers. All materials should be typed (except the math). Once school has started you will be required to use Canvas and be a part of the class. If you have questions or need any guidance, please email me at **julieshupryt@lscmail.com**. I hope that you have an enjoyable, exciting, and educational summer! I look forward to meeting you and for some of you seeing you again in August! We are going to have a fun and memorable time together in APES! -

*Mrs. Shupryt*

Below are the tasks you should complete this summer. All final materials should be **typed, and assembled in order in a binder with dividers** to be handed in at the end of the **first week of school**.

### **1. Environmental Surveys / Ecological Awareness**

- a. Got to: <http://www.h2oconserve.org/> or <http://www.gracelinks.org/824/water-program> and complete the water footprint calculator. Record how much water you use as a family and as an individual. Print your results. Submit your results to the teacher in your binder.
- b. Go to: <http://www.nature.org/greenliving/carboncalculator/index.htm> and find your individual carbon footprint.  
Print your results. Submit your results to the teacher in your binder.
- c. Go to: <http://www.myfootprint.org/> and find your ecological footprint. (For # 2 - use the U.S. Measurement System). This site does cost \$1. If you would like to save money, go to <http://footprint.wwf.org.uk/> or <http://footprintnetwork.org/en/index.php/GFN/page/calculators/> and find your ecological footprint. You might have to convert your information to the metric system. Print your results. Submit your results to the teacher in your binder.

## **2. Tragedy of the Commons**

Read the essay “Tragedy of the Commons” by Garrett Hardin. Here is a link:

[http://www.garretthardinsociety.org/articles/art\\_tragedy\\_of\\_the\\_commons.html](http://www.garretthardinsociety.org/articles/art_tragedy_of_the_commons.html). When you have completed the reading, please respond to the following in complete sentences:

- a. What is Garrett Hardin’s central idea in this essay?
- b. Do you personally agree with Hardin’s central idea?
- c. Is the “Tragedy of the Commons” unavoidable?
- d. Identify one “commons” in your own life (at school, home, work) and explain how it is (or is not) being managed wisely to avoid the situation described in the essay.

## **3. Brush Up Your Math Skills**

Math Assignment - Please complete the following problems, showing all work. ***This assignment does not have to be typed. MUST SHOW ALL WORK! NO WORK = NO CREDIT.***

- a. You may someday purchase a house that has 2500 square feet of living space. How many square meters of living space is this?
- b. If a calorie is equivalent to 4.184 joules, how many joules are contained in that 250 kilocalorie slice of pizza?
- c. A coal-fired electric power plant produces 12 million kilowatt-hours (kWh) of electricity each day. Assume that an input of 10,000 BTU’s of heat is required to produce an output of one kilowatt-hour of electricity.
- d. Calculate the number of BTU’s of heat needed to generate the electricity produced by the power plant each day.
- e. Calculate the pounds of coal consumed by the power plant each day, assuming one pound of coal yields 5,000 BTU’s of heat.
- f. If a city of 10,000 experiences 200 births, 60 deaths, 10 immigrants, and 30 emigrants in the course of a year, what is its net annual percentage growth rate?
- g. What is 45% of 900?
- h. Thirteen percent of a 12,000 acre forest is being logged. How many acres will be logged?
- i. Home prices have dropped 5% in the past three years. An average home in Schererville three years ago was \$200,000. What’s the average home price now?
- j. A teenager consumes 20% of her calories each day in the form of protein. If she is getting 700 calories a day from protein, how many calories is she consuming per day?

- k. 1300 kilograms = ? milligrams  
 17000 millimeters = ? meters  
 680 hectometers = ? centimeters  
 6544 liters = ? milliliters  
 .078 kilometers = ? meters  
 17 grams = ? kilograms

l. Write the following numbers in scientific notation:

- 145,000,000,000  
 13 million  
 435 billion  
 .000348  
 135 trillion  
 24 thousand

m. Complete the following calculations.

- $(3 \times 10^3) + (4 \times 10^3)$   
 $(4.67 \times 10^4) + (323 \times 10^3)$   
 $(1.278 \times 10^{13}) - (1.021 \times 10^{10})$   
 $(2.9 \times 10^{11}) - (3.7 \times 10^{13})$   
 $(1.32 \times 10^8) \times (2.9 \times 10^2)$   
 $(3.78 \times 10^3) \times (2.34 \times 10^4)$   
 $(3.45 \times 10^9) / (2.6 \times 10^3)$   
 $(1.98 \times 10^{-4}) / (1.72 \times 10^{-6})$

n. Graphing Problem: The thickness of the annual rings indicate what type of environmental situation was occurring at the time of its development. A thin ring, usually indicates a rough period of development, lack of water, forest fires, or a major insect infestation. On the other hand, a thick ring indicates just the opposite.

Age of the tree in years	Average thickness of the annual rings in cm. Forest A	Average thickness of the annual rings in cm. Forest B
10	2.0	2.2
20	2.2	2.5
30	3.5	3.6
35	3.0	3.8
50	4.5	4.0
60	4.3	4.5

1. Make a line graph of the data.
2. What is the dependent variable?
3. What is the independent variable?
4. What was the average thickness of the annual rings of 40 year old trees in Forest A?
5. Based on this data, what can you conclude about Forest A and Forest B?

#### **4. Think Global: Watch THREE Environmental Documentaries**

Documentaries must be a minimum of 45 minutes in length. Documentaries should look at Environmental ISSUES, not just nature. Please complete the following for **EACH** documentary.

- a. Provide the name of the documentary and year in which it was released.
- b. Describe any questions you may have as a result of your viewing (3 Questions Minimum)
- c. Describe your opinion of the documentary – positive/negative/neutral. Reference items in the documentary to support your thoughts. (Minimum 1 paragraph)
- d. Relate what you have learned to your personal life – how does it affect/impact you? What information affected you the most? Will it impact how you live your life? (Minimum 1 paragraph)
- e. Choose one documentary and design a unique movie poster and slogan for it. Your movie poster should be colorful, neat, and include a slogan that identifies the take home message of the film. Then justify and defend your poster /slogan (Minimum 1 paragraph)

\*\*\*\*\*Suggested Documentaries - many can be found on NetFlix, Amazon Instant Video, at your local library, or some even stream on the web, for example:

<http://www.youtube.com>, below is a list to help you get started:

- \* National Geographic: Human Footprint
- \* National Geographic: Six Degrees Could Change the World
- \* 180° South
- \* Flow: For the Love of Water
- \* Tapped
- \* Trashed
- \* Food, Inc.
- \* King Corn
- \* Dirt
- \* Gasland
- \* Who Killed the Electric Car / Revenge of the Electric Car
- \* Manufactured Landscapes
- \* Vanishing of the Bees
- \* Fresh
- \* Fuel
- \* Bag It
- \* Baraka
- \* Blue Gold: World Water Wars
- \* World in Balance: The Population Paradox
- \* Plastic Planet
- \* Planet in Peril
- \* An Inconvenient Truth
- \* Empty Oceans, Empty Nets (PBS)
- \* Harvest of Fear (Frontline)
- \* The Cove
- \* Hawaii: Message in the Waves

- \* Cane Toads: An Unnatural History
- \*Cowspiracy
- \*Fresh
- \*The Human Experiment
- \* True Cost

## 5. Ecological Literature

*To get us started thinking about the environment we are going to do some reading over the summer. I have chosen a list of books that are all well known and pertain to this course. As we go through the course you will find yourself thinking about what you read and relate it to what we are learning. Your job this summer is to **choose one** of the books from this reading list and **do the following assignment**:*

1. Write down the title, author and publisher of the book.
2. Then as you read you are going to keep a daily journal of what you read. Include the dates and page numbers in the journal
3. Write down any important information and take notes on what you read that day. Also write down any new vocabulary words that you do not understand.
4. Respond to the reading. Write down any feelings that you have about the reading, positive or negative, in the journal.
5. Lastly, write a one page summary about how you felt about the book, was it a good book? Would you recommend it to others? What information affected you the most? How do you think it will relate to this course?
6. This will be due at the end of the first week of school.

### AP Environmental Science Suggested Reading List

<u>Title</u>	<u>Author</u>
A Civil Action	Jonathan Harr
A Fierce Green Fire	Philip Shabecoff
A Green History of the World	Clive Pointing
A reason for Hope	Jane Goodall
Atmosphere, Climate and Change	Thomas Graedel and Paul Crutzen
Biogeochemistry of a Forest Ecosystem	Gene Likens
Cadillac Desert	Marc Reisner
Changes in the Land	William Cronon
Climate Change: The IPCC Scientific Assessment	J.T. Houghton et al.
Deep Ecology	Bill Devall
Degrees of Disaster: Prince William Sound	Jeff Wheelwright
Desert Solitaire	Edward Abbey
Digging Dinosaurs	John Horner
Earth in Mind	David Orr
Earth in the Balance	Al Gore
Earth Under Siege	Richard P. Turco

Ecology and the Politics of Scarcity	William Ophuls
Ecology, Economics, Ethics: The Broken Circle	Bonnann and Kellert
Eco-warriors	Rick Scarce
Encounters with the Archdruid	John McPhee
Endurance: Shackelton's legendary Antarctic Expedition	Caroline Alexander
Energy: From Nature to Man	William C. Reynolds
Extinction: Bad Genes or Bad Luck	David Raup
Field Guide to Nature Observation and Tracking	Tom Brown
Four Corners	Kenneth Brown
Gorillas in the Mist	Dianne Fossey
Green Delusions	Martin Lewis
Guns, Germs and Steel	Jared Diamond
How Many People Can the Earth Support?	Joel E. Cohen
In the Shadow of Man	Jane Goodall
Into the Wild	Jon Krakauer
Into Thin Air: Personal Account of the Mt Everest Disaster	Jon Krakauer
Isaac's Storm	Eric Larson
Ishmael	Daniel Quinn
Last Refuge: Environmental Showdown in the American West	Jim Robbins
Life in the Balance: Humanity and the Biodiversity Crisis	Niles Eldridge
Living Downstream: Cancer and the Environment	Sandra Steingraber
Mad, Mad, Mad World of Climatedism	Steve Goreham
No Turning Back	Richard Ellis
Ocean's End	Colin Woodward
Of Wolves and Men	Barry Lopez
Omnivore's Dilemma	Michael Pollan
On Human Nature	E.O. Wilson
Our Common Future World Comm. On Env. and Devel.	
Our Ecological Footprint	Wackernagel and Rees
Out of Gas: The End of the Age of Oil	David Goodstein
Pilgrim at Tinker Creek	Ann Dillard
Prisoner's Dilemma	William Poundstone
Red Sky at Morning	James Gustave Speth
Replenish the Earth	Lewis Regebstein
Sand County Almanac	Aldo Leopold
Silent Spring	Rachel Carson
Silent Snow	Marla Cone
Sociobiology	E.O. Wilson
Strange Encounters	Daniel Botkin
Surely You're Joking Mr. Feynmann?	Richard Feynmann
Tales of the Shaman's Apprentice	Mark Plotkins
The Burning Season	Andrew Revkin
The Cold and the Dark: The World After Nuclear War	Carl Sagan, Paul Ehrlich et al
The Coming Plague	Laurie Garrett
The Condor's Shadow	David S. Wilcove
The Control of Nature	John McPhee

The Cowboy Way	David Mc Cumber
The Dinosaur Heresies	Robert Bakker
The Diversity of Life	E.O. Wilson
The End of Food	Paul Roberts
The End of Nature	Bill McKibben
The Future of Life	E.O. Wilson
The Heat is On: Climate Crisis	Ross Gelbspan
The Limits to Growth - 2nd Edition	Donella Meadows
The Monkey Wrench Gang	Edward Abbey
The Naturalist	E.O. Wilson
The Night of the Grizzlies	Jack Olsen
The Perfect Storm	Sebastian Junger
The Population Bomb	Paul Ehrlich
The Population Explosion	Paul and Anne Ehrlich
The Sand Dollar and the Slide Rule	Delta Willis
The Sixth Extinction	Richard Leakey
The Solace of Open Spaces	Gretel Ehrlich
The Song of the Dodo	David Quammen
The Stork and the Plow	Paul Ehrlich
The Warning: The Accident at Three Mile Island	Mike Gray and Ira Rosen
Three Scientists and Their Gods	Robert Wright
Tinkering with Eden	Kim Todd
Tracking the Vanishing Frogs	Kathryn Phillips
Walden Pond	Henry Thoreau
Why People Believe Weird Things	Michael Shermer
Where Mountains are Nameless: ANWR	Jonathon Waterman
Wolves of Isle Royale	Rolk Peterson

Also:

Any books by Carl Sagan,  
Stephen J. Gould, E. O. Wilson and Edward Abbey

\*\*\* Be prepared to discuss all your experiences from these assignments\*\*\*\*